

Quick Start: Using Apache Spark for Large-Scale Data Processing

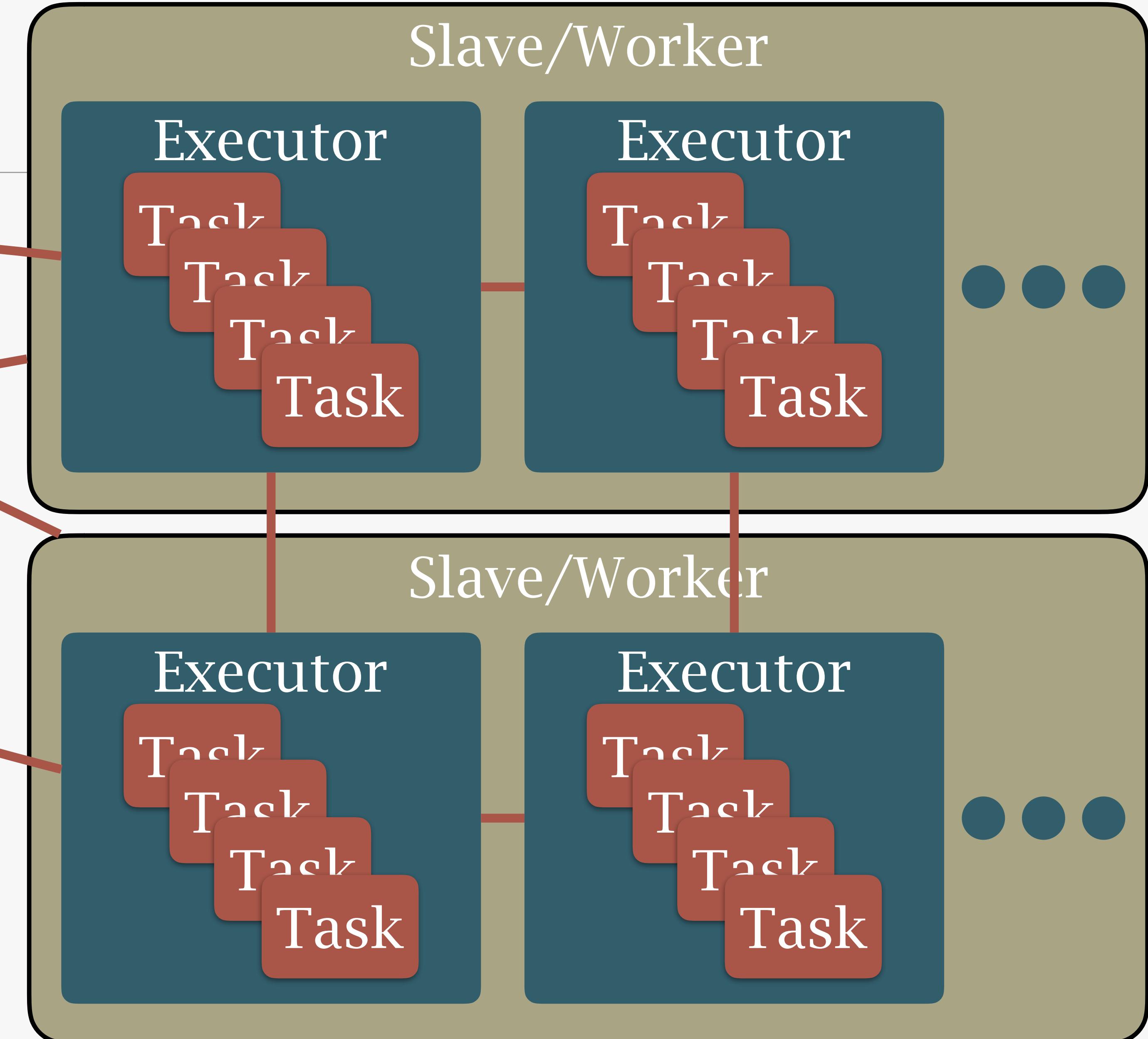
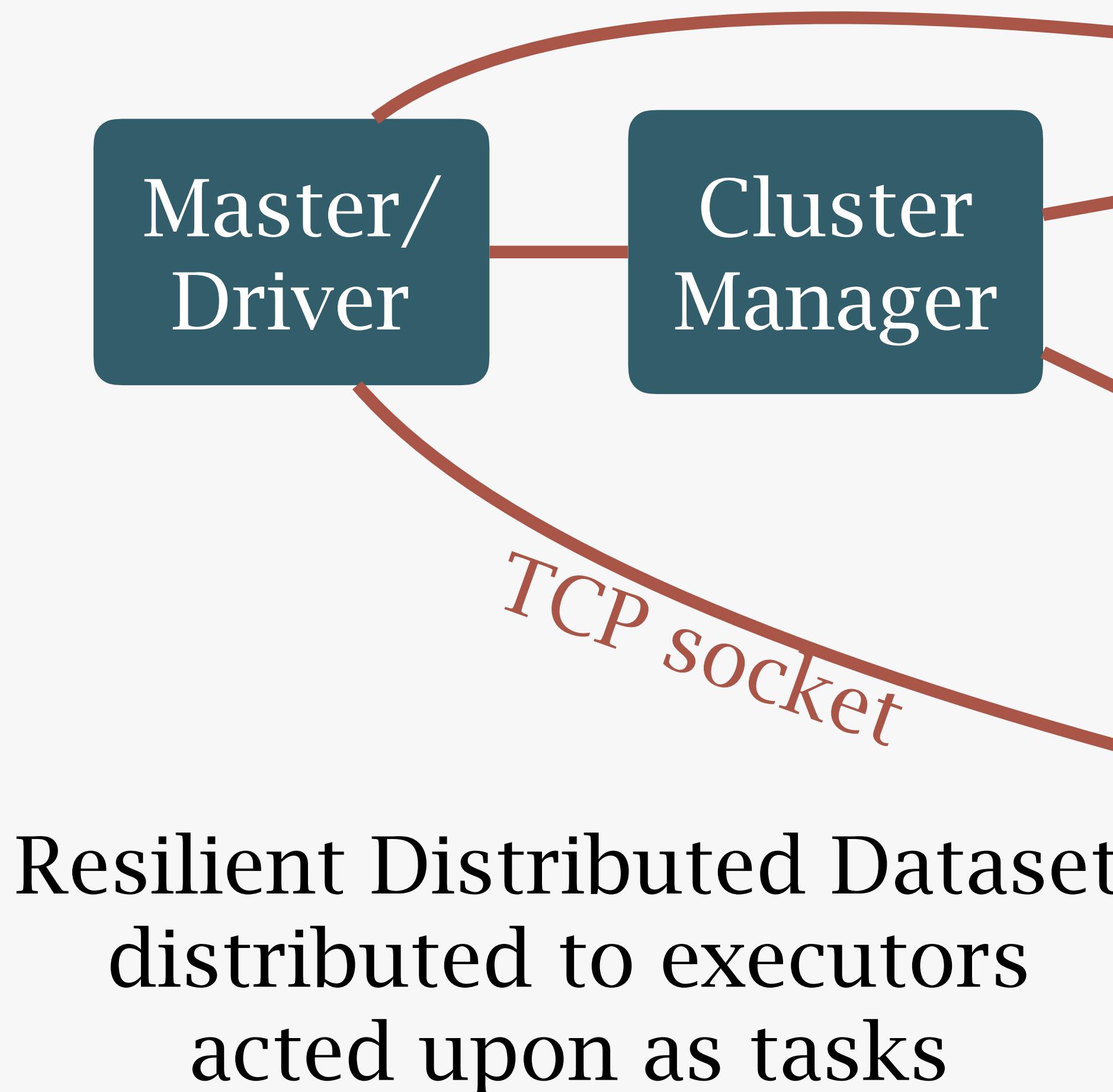
Xiao-Yong Jin

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Contents

- Apache Spark concepts
- Python code to PySpark demo
- Using Apache Spark on Cooley & Theta
- Tuning suggestions for Theta

Spark Introduction



PySpark code demo on GitHub

[https://github.com/SparkHPC/spark-examples/blob/
master/Julia_set_reverse_iteration_Spark.ipynb](https://github.com/SparkHPC/spark-examples/blob/master/Julia_set_reverse_iteration_Spark.ipynb)

Start using Apache Spark on Cooley/Theta

```
/soft/datascience/Spark_Job/submit-spark.sh \
-A ALLOCATION -t 10 -n 2 -q debug-cache-quad \
run-example SparkPi
```

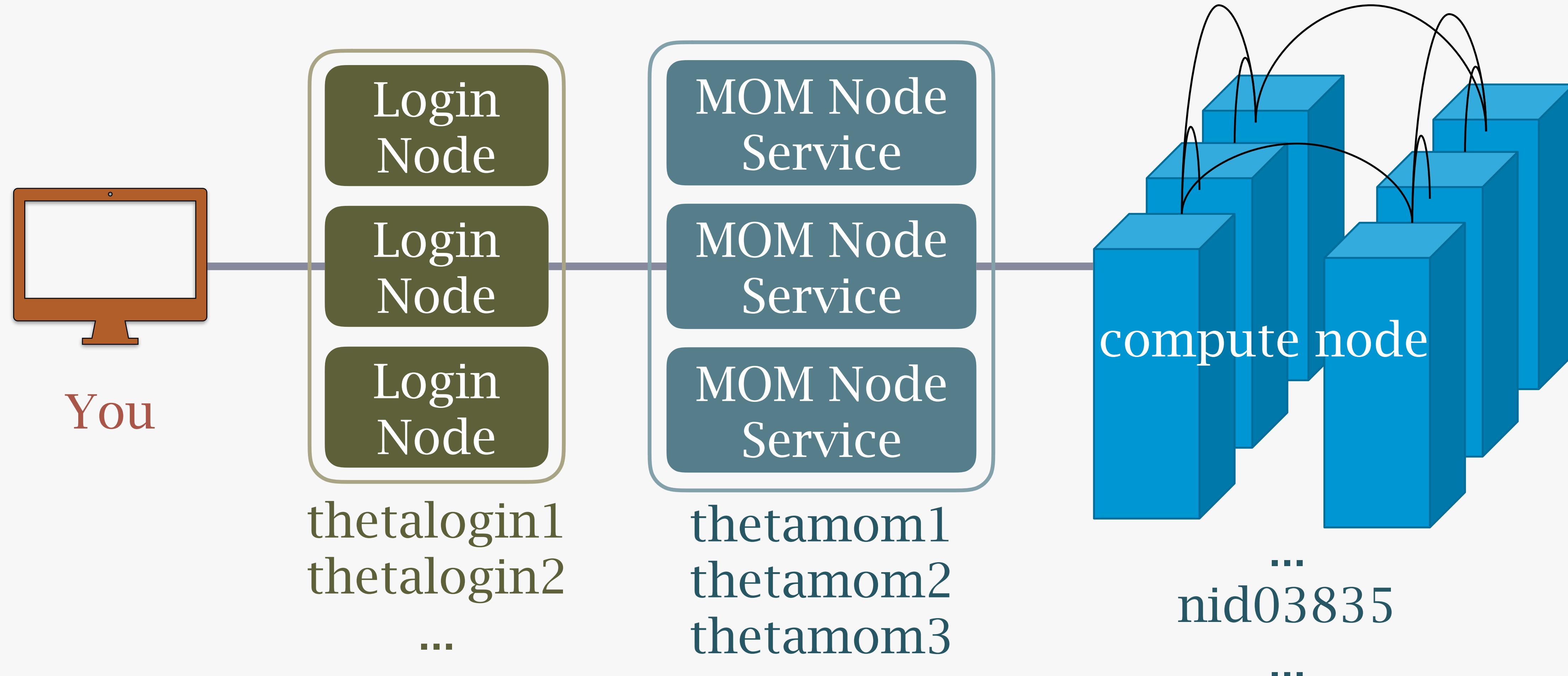
```
/soft/datascience/Spark_Job/submit-spark.sh \
-A ALLOCATION -t 10 -n 2 -q debug-cache-quad \
--class YOUR.SPARK.APP.CLASS \
local:///ABSPATH/TO/YOUR/SPARK/APP.jar [EXTRA_ARGS ...]
```

```
/soft/datascience/Spark_Job/submit-spark.sh \
-A ALLOCATION -t 10 -n 2 -q debug-cache-quad \
PATH/TO/YOUR/PYSPARK/SCRIPT.py [EXTRA_ARGS ...]
```

Example submitting interactive jobs on Theta

```
thetalogin$ /soft/datascience/Spark_Job/submit-spark.sh \
-A datascience -t 60 -n 2 -q debug-cache-quad -I
...
SPARKJOB_JOBID=325700
...
# Spark is now running (SPARKJOB_JOBID=325700) on:
# nid03835      nid03836
declare -x SPARK_MASTER_URI="spark://nid03835:7077"
# Spawning bash on host: nid03835
...
nid03835$ export PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON=jupyter
nid03835$ export PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON_OPTS="notebook --no-browser --
ip=nid03835 --port=8008"
nid03835$ /soft/datascience/apache_spark/bin/pyspark \
--master $SPARK_MASTER_URI
Local$ ssh -L 8008:localhost:8008 theta ssh -L 8008:nid03835:8008 thetamom1
```

Theta



SPARK JOB (Script for working with COBALT)

- Installed under `/soft/datascience/Spark_Job`
- Designed to minimize the changes required for deploying on Theta
- Check out the readme file: `/soft/datascience/Spark_Job/readme`
- Look in the example directory: `/soft/datascience/Spark_Job/example`
- Under heavy development, guaranteed interface: `submit-spark.sh`
- Absolute stability, use explicit version number, eg:
`/soft/datascience/Spark_Job_v1.0.2`

Spark Job [submit-spark.sh] usage

submit-spark.sh [options] [JOBFILE [arguments ...]]

JOBFILE (optional) can be:

script.py	pyspark scripts
bin.jar	java binaries
run-example CLASS	run spark example CLASS
scripts	other executable scripts (requires '-s')

Required options:

-A PROJECT	Allocation name
-t WALLTIME	Max run time in minutes
-n NODES	Job node count
-q QUEUE	Queue name

Optional options:

-o OUTPUTDIR	Directory for COBALT output files (default: current dir)
-s	Enable script mode
-m	Master uses a separate node
-p <2 3>	Python version (default: 3)
-I	Start an interactive ssh session
-w WAITTIME	Time to wait for prompt in minutes (default: 30)
-h	Print this help message

Environment Variables (Information)

- The scripts set a few environment variables for informational purposes, and for controlling the behavior.
- Information (taken from the command line, the job scheduler, the system):

```
SPARKJOB_HOST="theta"
SPARKJOB_INTERACTIVE="1"
SPARKJOB_JOBID="242842"
SPARKJOB_PYVERSION="3"
SPARKJOB_SCRIPTMODE="0"
SPARKJOB_SCRIPTS_DIR="/lus/theta-fs0/projects/datascience/xyjin/Spark_Job"
SPARKJOB_SEPARATE_MASTER="0"
SPARKJOB_OUTPUT_DIR="/lus/theta-fs0/projects/datascience/xyjin/Spark_Job/example"
SPARK_MASTER_URI=spark://nid03838:7077
MASTER_HOST=nid03838
```

Environment Variables (Customizable)

```
SPARK_HOME="/soft/datascience/apache_spark"  
SPARK_CONF_DIR="/lus/theta-fs0/projects/datascience/xyjin/Spark_Job/example/242842/conf"  
PYSPARK_PYTHON="/opt/intel/python/2017.0.035/intelpython35/bin/python"  
SPARKJOB_WORKING_DIR="/lus/theta-fs0/projects/datascience/xyjin/Spark_Job/example/242842"  
SPARKJOB_WORKING_ENVS="/lus/theta-fs0/projects/datascience/xyjin/Spark_Job/example/242842/envs"
```

- The above is the environment set up when running a job under **OUTPUTDIR** /projects/datascience/xyjin/Spark_Job/example
- The variable **SPARKJOB_OUTPUT_DIR** contains the directory path
- **SPARKJOB_WORKING_DIR** and **SPARKJOB_WORKING_ENVS** depends on **SPARKJOB_OUTPUT_DIR**

Customizable Variables in `env_local.sh`

- See `/soft/datascience/Spark_Job/example/env_local.sh`
- You can use `SPARKJOB_HOST` to detect the running system.

```
if [[ $SPARKJOB_HOST == theta ]];then
    module rm intelpython35
    module load miniconda-3.6/conda-4.4.10
    export PYSPARK_PYTHON="$(which python)"
fi
```

- On Cooley, interactive Spark jobs setup IPython notebook by default. You can change it here, along with setting up your other python environment.

```
unset PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON
unset PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON_OPTS
```

Customizable Variables in `env_local.sh`

- Create `spark-defaults.conf` file affecting Spark jobs submitted under the current directory where this file resides, c.f. `$SPARK_CONF_DIR`
- The parameters require tuning depending on the machine and workload.

```
[[ -s $SPARK_CONF_DIR/spark-defaults.conf ]] ||  
cat > "$SPARK_CONF_DIR/spark-defaults.conf" <<'EOF'  
spark.task.cpus          4  
spark.driver.memory       32g  
spark.executor.memory     128g  
spark.driver.extraJavaOptions -XX:+UseParallelGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=8  
spark.executor.extraJavaOptions -XX:+UseParallelGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=8  
EOF
```

Spark on Theta

- Don't run Spark on the MOM node!
- Should the master share one node with the slaves?
- How many workers per node?
- How many executors per worker?
- How many tasks per executor?
- Is thread affinity useful?
- It all depends on your workload.

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

<code>spark.task.cpus</code>	4
<code>spark.rpc.netty.dispatcher.numThreads</code>	8
<code>spark.scheduler.maxRegisteredResourcesWaitingTime</code>	4000s
<code>spark.scheduler.minRegisteredResourcesRatio</code>	1
<code>spark.scheduler.listenerbus.eventqueue.capacity</code>	100000
<code>spark.worker.timeout</code>	24000
<code>spark.executor.heartbeatInterval</code>	4000s
<code>spark.files.fetchTimeout</code>	12000s
<code>spark.network.timeout</code>	24000s
<code>spark.locality.wait</code>	6000s
<code>spark.driver.memory</code>	16g
<code>spark.executor.memory</code>	128g
<code>spark.driver.extraJavaOptions</code>	<code>-XX:+UseParallelGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=8</code>
<code>spark.executor.extraJavaOptions</code>	<code>-XX:+UseParallelGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=8</code>

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

`spark.task.cpus 4`

- JVM sees 256 cores on each Theta node
- By default, JVM launches 256 tasks simultaneously if memory allows
- This parameter makes JVM count each task as using 4 cores
- Applies for PySpark applications, too

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

`spark.rpc.netty.dispatcher.numThreads` 8

- Undocumented configuration
- The default equals to the maximum number of thread, 256 on Theta
- In addition, follow this pull request on GitHub #23560 :
[\[SPARK-26632\]\[Core\] Separate Thread Configurations of Driver and Executor](#)

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

<code>spark.scheduler.maxRegisteredResourcesWaitingTime</code>	4000s
<code>spark.scheduler.minRegisteredResourcesRatio</code>	1

- Wait for resources on-line to avoid performance impact in the beginning
- Depends on your resource usage

<code>spark.scheduler.listenerbus.eventqueue.capacity</code>	100000
--	--------

- If you see related warnings
- It happens if you use large amount of nodes

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

<code>spark.worker.timeout</code>	24000
<code>spark.executor.heartbeatInterval</code>	4000s
<code>spark.files.fetchTimeout</code>	12000s
<code>spark.network.timeout</code>	24000s
<code>spark.locality.wait</code>	6000s

- WHO NEEDS FAULT TOLERANCE? What is your failure scenario?
- Your MPI program constantly tries to figure out if all the ranks are alive?

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

<code>spark.driver.memory</code>	16g
<code>spark.executor.memory</code>	128g

- You absolutely must set these to some large number
- The default 1g is too small unless you run multiple workers/executors

Tuning parameters (`spark-defaults.conf`)

Tune these numbers for your workload

```
spark.driver.extraJavaOptions -XX:+UseParallelGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=8  
spark.executor.extraJavaOptions -XX:+UseParallelGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=8
```

- Depending on your application
- Tuning GC is another work of art
- Make sure GC time does not dominate

Access the Web Interface

- Find the driver node ID, `nid0NNNN`
- Use SSH LocalForward

```
ssh -L 8080:localhost:8080 -L 4040:localhost:4040 -t theta \
    ssh -L 8080:nid0NNNN:8080 -L 4040:nid0NNNN:4040 thetamom1
```

- Go to <http://localhost:8080> on your local machine

Other things to consider

- Number of partitions for your RDD
- Point `spark.local.dir` to the local SSD (access granted per project basis)
- Do not use "Dynamic Allocation" unless you have a strong reason
- Beyond the scope of this presentation: IO, streaming, ML, GraphX, other cluster managers, etc.
 - Please contact us
 - We are interested in Spark usage in scientific applications



DO NOT PANIC

xjin@anl.gov